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1.1	Department of Labor and Ind	ustry		
1.2 1.3	Adopted Expedited Permanen Disorder	t Rules Governing Treat	ment for Post-Trau	imatic Stress
1.4 1.5	5221.6050 GENERAL TREA PRIOR NOTIFICATION.	FMENT PARAMETERS	S; EXCESSIVE TR	EATMENT;
1.6	[For text of	subparts 1 to 6, see Minn	esota Rules]	
1.7	Subp. 7. Determinations of	of excessive treatment; n	otice of denial to h	ealth care
1.8	providers and employee; expe	dited processing of medi	cal requests.	
1.9	A. In addition to service	ces deemed excessive und	er part 5221.0500 a	nd Minnesota
1.10	Statutes, section 176.136, subdi-	vision 2, treatment is exce	essive if:	
1.11	(1) the treatment	is inconsistent with an app	olicable parameter o	or other rule
1.12	in parts 5221.6050 to 5221.6700); or		
1.13	(2) the treatment	is consistent with the para	meters in parts 522	1.6050 to
1.14	5221.6700, but is not medically	necessary treatment.		
1.15	[For text of	fitems B and C, see Minne	esota Rules]	
1.16	D. A determination of	the compensability of me	dical treatment und	er Minnesota
1.17	Statutes, chapter 176, must inclu	de consideration of the fo	ollowing factors:	
1.18	(1) whether a trea	tment parameter or other	rule in parts 5221.6	050 to
1.19	5221.6700 applies to the etiolog	y or diagnosis for the con	dition;	
1.20	[For text of su	bitems (2) and (3), see Mi	nnesota Rules]	
1.21	[For text of	subparts 8 to 11, see Minr	iesota Rules]	

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2.1 **5221.6700 POST-TRAUMATIC STRESS DISORDER.**

2.2 Subpart 1. Scope.

2.3	A. Pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 176.83, subdivision 5, paragraph (b),
2.4	clause (8), this part establishes standards and procedures for treatment of patients with a
2.5	compensable mental impairment of post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD) as defined in
2.6	Minnesota Statutes, section 176.011, subdivision 15, paragraph (d). This part does not affect
2.7	any determination of liability for an injury under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 176, and does
2.8	not expand or restrict a health care provider's scope of practice.
2.9	B. This part applies to all outpatient treatment provided for PTSD after the effective
2.10	date of this part, regardless of the date of injury.
2.11	C. This part does not apply to treatment of an injury after a payer has denied
2.12	primary liability for the injury. However, if primary liability is later accepted or determined,
2.13	this part does apply to treatment initiated after primary liability has been established.
2.14	D. References to days and weeks in this part means calendar days and weeks
2.15	unless otherwise specified.
2.16	E. Parts 5221.6050, subparts 1, item C; 2; 4; 5; 6, items A and C; and 7, items A
2.17	and D, and 5221.8900 apply to the treatment standards established in this part. The departures
2.18	listed in part 5221.6050, subpart 8, do not apply to this part.
2.19	Subp. 2. Definitions.
2.20	A. The definitions in this subpart apply to this part.
2.21	(1) "Condition" means the symptoms, physical signs, clinical findings, and
2.22	functional status that characterize the patient's complaint, illness, or injury related to a
2.23	current claim for compensation.

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3.1	(2) "Contraindication" means a condition that makes the use of a particular
3.2	psychological treatment or medication inadvisable because of an increased risk of harm to
3.3	the patient, including the risk of self-harm by the patient.
3.4	(3) "Evidence-based" means a practice that integrates research validated by
3.5	peer-reviewed scientific literature with clinical expertise in the context of patient
3.6	characteristics, culture, and preferences.
3.7	(4) "Functional status" means the ability of an individual to engage in activities
3.8	of daily living or other social, recreational, and vocational activities.
3.9	(5) "Mental health care provider" means a currently licensed health care
3.10	provider who has experience treating patients with PTSD and whose practice primarily
3.11	involves mental health treatment.
3.12	(6) "Modality" means the application or use of a therapeutic agent or regimen.
3.13	(7) "Narrative exposure therapy" means a treatment for trauma disorders in
3.14	which a patient establishes a coherent, chronological narrative of the patient's life story,
3.15	with a focus on the patient's traumatic experiences.
3.16	(8) "Trauma-focused psychotherapy" means a therapy that uses cognitive,
3.17	emotional, and behavioral techniques to process a traumatic experience and in which the
3.18	trauma focus is a central component of the therapeutic process.
3.19	B. Unless otherwise defined in this subpart, the definitions of the psychotherapy
3.20	treatment modalities in subpart 5 are as provided in Appendix A - Description of Treatments
3.21	and Strength of Recommendations - of the American Psychological Association's Clinical
3.22	Practice Guideline for the Treatment of Posttraumatic Stress Disorder in Adults, which is
3.23	incorporated by reference in subpart 12.

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4.1	Subp. 3 Diagnosis and initial evaluation.
4.2	A. The diagnosis of PTSD must be made by a licensed psychologist or psychiatrist
4.3	according to the most recently published edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual
4.4	of Mental Disorders by the American Psychiatric Association, as required by Minnesota
4.5	Statutes, section 176.011, subdivision 15, paragraph (d). As of the effective date of this
4.6	part, the most current edition is the fifth edition (DSM-5), which is incorporated by reference
4.7	in subpart 12.
4.8	B. A mental health care provider must complete an initial evaluation that includes
4.9	a determination of:
4.10	(1) the patient's functional status;
4.11	(2) the patient's relevant family history;
4.12	(3) the patient's history of mental health conditions and treatment, if any;
4.13	(4) whether there is an acute risk that the patient will harm self or others, and
4.14	any potential need for hospitalization;
4.15	(5) whether the patient has any comorbid physical or psychiatric disorders,
4.16	including substance and other addictions, previous untreated or unresolved trauma,
4.17	personality disorder, depression, anxiety, serious mood disorder, and psychosis;
4.18	(6) whether the patient would benefit from psychotherapy treatment under
4.19	subpart 5, after considering any contraindications; and
4.20	(7) any appropriate referrals for treatment for any risks or comorbid physical
4.21	or psychiatric disorders identified under subitems (4) and (5), psychotherapy treatment
4.22	under subpart 5, and treatment with medication under subpart 9.

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5.1	Subp. 4. Treatment plan.	
5.2	A. Prior to providing psychotherapy treatment under subpart 5, a mental h	health
5.3	care provider must:	
5.4	(1) engage and collaborate with the patient to establish a plan for trea	atment
5.5	that does the following:	
5.6	(a) specifies the treatment modality or modalities described in su	ıbpart
5.7	5, item A, that will be provided;	
5.8	(b) determines if treatment will be conducted using telemedicine,	, which
5.9	requires patient agreement;	
5.10	(c) assesses the patient's current level of symptoms and functional	status;
5.11	(d) develops a specific set of goals for the treatment based on the p	atient's
5.12	functional status;	
5.13	(e) establishes a timetable for achieving the treatment goals with	in the
5.14	prescribed number of psychotherapy sessions;	
5.15	(f) prescribes the duration and frequency of treatment, subject to su	ubparts
5.16	5, 6, and 8;	
5.17	(g) addresses the patient's plan for return to work, including any	
5.18	restrictions necessary for the patient's initial return to work, in compliance with par 5221 0410 and 5221 0420. The montal health care provider establishing the treatme	
5.19 5.20	5221.0410 and 5221.0420. The mental health care provider establishing the treatme may collaborate with the patient's other treating health care providers to address pla	-
5.21	a return to work; and	unning
5.22	(h) provides for any necessary referrals that were not made under s	subpart
5.23	3, item B, subitem (7);	I
5.24	(2) provide education about PTSD and its treatment; and	

6.2

(3) provide any motivational interviewing needed to prepare the patient for trauma-focused psychotherapy.

- B. The assessment described in item A, subitem (1), unit (c), must be conducted 6.3 using a tool validated in peer-reviewed scientific literature for the assessment of PTSD 6.4 symptoms and functional status. When available, assessment tools must be based on the 6.5 most recently published edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders 6.6 by the American Psychiatric Association. Examples of acceptable assessment tools for the 6.7 DSM-5 are the PTSD Symptom Scale - Interview for DSM-5 (PSS-I-5), the PTSD Scale -6.8 Self Report for DSM-5 (PS-SR5), the Clinician-Administered PTSD Scale for DSM-5 6.9 6.10 (CAPS-5), and the PTSD Checklist for DSM-5 (PCL-5).
- 6.11 C. The assessment required by item A, subitem (1), unit (c), provides the baseline
 6.12 for determining the progress of the treatment as described in subpart 5, item C.
- D. If the mental health care provider establishing the treatment plan in item A is
 not the same provider who completed the initial evaluation in subpart 3, item B, the provider
 must review and consider that initial evaluation before establishing a treatment plan under
 this subpart.
- 6.17

Subp. 5. Psychotherapy treatment.

6.18 A. The following trauma-focused psychotherapy treatment modalities are indicated6.19 for the treatment of PTSD singularly, concurrently, or simultaneously:

- 6.20 (1) cognitive behavioral therapy (CBT);
- 6.21 (2) cognitive processing therapy (CPT);
- 6.22 (3) cognitive therapy (CT);
- 6.23 (4) prolonged exposure therapy (PE);
- 6.24 (5) brief eclectic psychotherapy (BEP);

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7.1	(6) eye-movement dese	ensitization and repr	ocessing (EMDR);	
7.2	(7) narrative exposure t	herapy (NET); and		
7.3	(8) any other treatment	modality recommer	nded by the treating r	nental health
7.4	care provider that is an evidenced-base	ed, trauma-focused p	sychotherapy treatm	ent modality,
7.5	subject to the requirements of subpart	7.		
7.6	B. All psychotherapy treatm	nent modalities und	er item A must be pr	ovided by a
7.7	mental health care provider who is trained to treat PTSD with the modality or modalities			
7.8	they are using to treat the patient. The provider must retain documentation of the training.			
7.9	Treatment for PTSD under item A is not indicated more than two times per week, except			
7.10	to provide emergency treatment as defined in part 5221.6040, subpart 5.			
7.11	C. At least once every two v	weeks while a patier	nt is receiving psych	otherapy
7.12	treatment under this subpart, the psychotherapy provider must:			
7.13	(1) evaluate the severity of the patient's PTSD symptoms and changes in the			
7.14	patient's functional status using an assessment tool described in subpart 4, item B, and the			
7.15	provider's clinical observations of the patient;			
7.16	(2) review:			
7.17	(a) the treatment p	lan, including goals	; and	
7.18	(b) the patient's ad	herence to the plan;		
7.19	(3) make any necessary	adjustments to the	treatment plan; and	
7.20	(4) complete and submit	t to the patient a repo	ort of work ability. Par	rt 5221.0410,
7.21	subpart 6, items B, C, and D, apply to t	he provider's compl	etion of the report of	work ability.
7.22	The provider completing the report ma	y collaborate with t	he patient's other trea	atment health
7.23	care providers regarding the patient's	return to work.		

Subp. 6. Duration of psychotherapy treatment.

A. A period of psychotherapy treatment begins with the first time a modality is
initiated under this part, and ends 16 weeks later. Additional modalities added during the
16 weeks do not extend a period of psychotherapy treatment. Subject to the requirements
of this part, there is no limit to the number of periods of psychotherapy treatment a patient
may receive.

- B. An additional period of treatment is indicated only if the provider determines
 the patient continues to meet the criteria for PTSD described in the most recently published
 edition of the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, and the requirements
 of items C to E are satisfied.
- C. A complete psychological assessment is indicated for a patient who does not
 complete a period of psychotherapy treatment and continues to meet the criteria for PTSD,
 or who continues to meet the criteria for PTSD after the conclusion of a period of treatment.
 This assessment is not necessary if a complete psychological assessment has already been
 completed within the previous year, or if one or more of the indications for an additional
 period of treatment described in item E apply.
- D. The psychological assessment required by item C must include the use of
 objective testing such as the most current version of the Minnesota Multiphasic Personality
 Inventory. The goal of the assessment is to determine if the patient has any new or unresolved
 comorbid psychological conditions that are preventing the successful treatment of PTSD.
 If identified, these comorbidities must be addressed or treated prior to the patient resuming
 psychotherapy treatment for PTSD or, if appropriate, addressed or treated concurrently with
 an additional period of treatment for PTSD.
- E. An additional period of psychotherapy treatment is indicated in the following
 circumstances, without the need for a complete psychological assessment:

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9.1	(1) the patient's treatment has been interrupted or delayed because of a need
9.2	for treatment of a different medical or psychological condition, including treatment of
9.3	comorbidities;
9.4	(2) previous treatment for PTSD did not meet the accepted standard of
9.5	practice;
9.6	(3) there is documentation in the medical record or other report, pursuant to
9.7	subpart 10, of all of the following during the current period of treatment:
9.8	(a) the patient has adhered to the treatment plan, as described in subpart
9.9	4;
9.10	(b) a decrease in the patient's PTSD symptoms;
9.11	(c) improvement in the patient's functional status; and
9.12	(d) further decrease in the patient's PTSD symptoms and continued
9.13	improvement in the patient's functional status are anticipated with additional treatment;
9.14	(4) the patient has returned to work and is in need of additional treatment
9.15	related to an exacerbation of PTSD symptoms caused by the patient's work activities; or
9.16	(5) with the approval of the commissioner or a compensation judge, after a
9.17	medical request is filed, in rare cases with exceptional circumstances.
9.18	Subp. 7. Prior notification.
9.19	A. The provider must give prior notice to the payer of each additional 16-week
9.20	period of psychotherapy treatment. The provider must also give prior notice of any
9.21	psychotherapy treatment with a modality other than those indicated in subpart 5, item A,
9.22	subitems (1) to (7). The prior notice may be made orally or in writing, must be provided at
9.23	least seven working days before the treatment begins, and must include:
9.24	(1) the basis for the additional period of treatment, if applicable;

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(2) the psychotherapy treatment modality or modalities that will be used; and (3) the anticipated length of the treatment.

10.3

10.2

B. The payer must respond within seven working days of receipt of the notification in item A by either approving the treatment, denying the treatment, scheduling a medical 10.4 examination under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.155, or requesting additional information 10.5 10.6 including an updated treatment plan. If the provider does not receive a response from the payer within the seven working days, the payer has deemed to have given authorization. If 10.7 the payer authorizes treatment, it may not later deny payment for the authorized treatment. 10.8 A payer must respond within seven working days of receiving additional information, if 10.9 requested. Payers may delegate their obligations under this subpart to their certified managed 10.10 care plan, if applicable. 10.11

C. If treatment is denied, the provider or the employee may file with the 10.12 commissioner a medical request under part 5221.6050, subpart 7, item C. If treatment is 10.13 denied or if a medical examination under Minnesota Statutes, section 176.155, is scheduled, 10.14 a provider may proceed with the proposed treatment subject to a later determination of 10.15 compensability by the commissioner or compensation judge. If the employer has contracted 10.16 with a certified managed care plan, the plan's dispute resolution process must be completed 10.17 before a medical request is filed pursuant to Minnesota Statutes, section 176.1351. 10.18

10.19

Subp. 8. Change of provider.

A. A patient must not change the mental health care provider who is providing 10.20 the patient with psychotherapy treatment under subpart 5 more than once within the first 10.21 60 days of the patient's first period of psychotherapy treatment. After the first 60 days of 10.22 psychotherapy treatment under subpart 5, the patient must not change the patient's provider 10.23 10.24 except as provided by part 5221.0430. For purposes of this part, the requirements of part 5221.0430, subparts 2 to 4, governing the change of a patient's primary care provider also 10.25

02/19/20 REVISOR SS/KA AR4617 apply to the change of a patient's mental health care provider when a treatment plan 11.1 established under subpart 4 has been initiated. 11.2 B. Treatment received prior to the change of provider under item A is not included 11.3 in the 16-week duration limit for a period of psychotherapy treatment described in subpart 11.4 6, item A. 11.5 Subp. 9. Treatment with medication. 11.6 A. If a patient is not receiving psychotherapy treatment under subpart 5, a health 11.7 care provider must evaluate whether the patient would benefit from psychotherapy treatment 11.8 before prescribing medication for PTSD. The provider must communicate the evaluation 11.9 11.10 to the patient. Treatment of PTSD with medication is indicated as provided in this subpart. B. The following medications are indicated for the initial treatment of PTSD: 11.11 (1) selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors (SSRIs), such as sertraline, 11.12 paroxetine, or fluoxetine; 11.13 (2) selective norepinephrine reuptake inhibitors (SNRIs), such as venlafaxine; 11.14 and 11.15 11.16 (3) antihypertensive medication, if there is peer-reviewed scientific literature demonstrating that the medication is effective treatment for PTSD. 11.17 C. If the medications in item B are contraindicated for the patient, produce 11.18 undesirable side effects, or do not decrease the severity of PTSD symptoms, the following 11.19 medications are indicated for treatment of PTSD: 11.20 (1) serotonin antagonist and reuptake inhibitors (SARIs), such as trazodone, 11.21 11.22 mirtazapine, or nefazodone; or

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12.1	(2) other medications if pres	cribed or recommend	ed by a licensed psy	vchiatrist,
12.2	a psychiatric mental health advanced prac	tice registered nurse	(PMH-APRN), or a	any other
12.3	health care provider after consultation wit	h one of the provider	rs in this subitem.	
12.4	D. The following requirements	must be met while tro	eating PTSD:	
12.5	(1) medication must be pres	scribed at the lowest	clinically effective	dose, as
12.6	determined by the prescribing health care provider but not to exceed the manufacturer's			turer's
12.7	maximum daily dosage;			
12.8	(2) medication is indicated o	nly for the shortest du	ration needed, as de	termined
12.9	by the prescribing health care provider;			
12.10	(3) generic medications are	indicated for the trea	atment of PTSD; at	nd
12.11	(4) the initial prescription of	f a medication indica	ated in items B and	C for
12.12	treatment of PTSD is limited to no more that	n three months of the	medication per pres	scription.
12.13	Subsequent refills of the same medication are limited to no more than six months of			
12.14	medication per refill.			
12.15	E. Benzodiazepines are not indi-	cated for treatment o	f PTSD.	
12.16	Subp. 10. Documentation. A health	care provider must cle	early document the f	following
12.17	information in the patient's medical record	l or other report:		
12.18	A. the diagnosis and initial evaluation	uation under subpart	3;	
12.19	B. the treatment plan under subj	part 4;		
12.20	C. the biweekly evaluation under	subpart 5, item C, inc	luding any work res	strictions;
12.21	D. the basis for any additional p	eriods of psychother	apy treatment unde	r subpart
12.22	6, including any psychological assessments	s or indications for ad	ditional periods of t	treatment
12.23	without assessment and determinations th	at the patient continu	ies to meet DSM cr	riteria;

02/19/20 REVISOR SS/KA AR4617 E. the evaluation of potential psychotherapy treatment performed prior to 13.1 prescribing medication under subpart 9, item A; and 13.2 F. any medications prescribed under subpart 9, including the basis for any 13.3 medications prescribed under subpart 9, item C. 13.4 Subp. 11. Patients currently receiving treatment. For a patient receiving treatment 13.5 for PTSD prior to the effective date of this part, a payer must provide written notice of the 13.6 requirements of this part to the patient, the patient's attorney of record, and the patient's 13.7 treating health care providers before denying payment based on this part. A payer must not 13.8 deny payment based on failure to comply with this part until 90 days after the written notice 13.9 has been provided. 13.10 Subp. 12. Incorporation by reference. 13.11 A. The Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders, fifth edition 13.12 (DSM-5), and any updates, including errata and coding updates, is incorporated by reference. 13.13 DSM-5 is copyrighted by the American Psychiatric Association and is not subject to frequent 13.14 change. It is published by American Psychiatric Publishing, Inc. (APPI), and may be 13.15 13.16 purchased from them by calling 800-368-5777 or by ordering online at the APPI website. 13.17 It is available through the Minitex interlibrary loan system and from other bookstores and online retailers. 13.18

B. The Clinical Practice Guideline for the Treatment of Posttraumatic Stress
Disorder in Adults and its appendices, adopted by the American Psychological Association
as APA Policy on February 24, 2017, and any updates, are incorporated by reference. It is
not copyrighted and is not subject to frequent change. It is available online at
http://www.apa.org/ptsd-guideline/.