

# **Child labor standards in Minnesota**

#### **Labor Standards Division**

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### Department of Labor and Industry division, work units

- Apprenticeship Minnesota
- Construction Codes and Licensing Division
- Labor Standards Division
- Minnesota OSHA Compliance
- Minnesota OSHA Workplace Safety Consultation
- Projects and Planning
- Workers' Compensation Division





# Labor standards enforced by Department of Labor and Industry

- Minnesota Fair Labor Standards Act
- Women's Economic Security Act
- Child Labor Standards Act
- Minnesota Prevailing Wage Act
- Wage Theft Prevention Act
- Other laws related to employment, wages, conditions and hours









### Labor standards, wage and hour agencies in Minnesota

Minnesota Department of Labor and Industry, Labor Standards Division dli.mn.gov and 651-284-5075

U.S. Department of Labor, Wage and Hour Division dol.gov/whd and 612-370-3341

Minnesota Attorney General's Office ag.state.mn.us and 651-296-3353

Saint Paul, Labor Standards Enforcement and Education Division <a href="mailto:stpaul.gov/departments/human-rights-equal-economic-opportunity">stpaul.gov/departments/human-rights-equal-economic-opportunity</a> and 651-266-8900

Minneapolis, Labor Standards Enforcement Division ci.minneapolis.mn.us/civilrights/LaborStandardsEnforcement and 612-673-3012



**Wage and Hour Division** 

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#### Child Labor

The federal child labor provisions of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 (FLSA) were enacted to ensure that when young people work, the work is safe and does not jeopardize their health, well-being or educational opportunities. These provisions also provide limited exemptions.

#### **Most Requested**



#### **Dangerous Jobs**

Find out what jobs and tasks are off-limits for anyone under 18 years of age.

**Learn More** 



#### YouthRules.gov

Learn how young workers can have safe and rewarding work experiences.

**Learn More** 



#### **State Laws**

Get information on the child labor laws in each state.

**Learn More** 

# DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY

#### **Quick Links**

- Child Labor Fact Sheets
- Order Free Publications
- Questions? Contact Us.

### Minnesota Child Labor Standards Act

The purpose of Minnesota Statutes sections 181A.01 to 181A.12 is to aid in the economic, social and educational development of young people through employment. Work is an integral factor in providing a sense of purpose, direction and self-esteem necessary to the overall physical and mental health of an individual. Young people, especially those who have completed high school or occupational training, should not be denied employment opportunities. However, work must be coordinated with schooling and safety considerations to serve the best interest of the young.



# 'Three paths' of Minnesota youth labor standards

Question	Minor <14 years of age	Minor <16 years of age	Minor <18 years of age
Can the minor work?	Generally not able to work except by exemption or by permit	Generally able to work at 14 years of age	Generally able to work at 14 years of age
Are there occupations the minor may not engage in?	Generally not able to work except by exemption or permit, then subject to all hazardous restrictions	Subject to all hazardous occupation restrictions – unless an exemption is met	Subject to hazardous occupation restrictions for minors under the age of 18 – unless exemption is met
What hours can the minor work?	Generally not able to work except by exemption or permit, then subject to hours restriction for minors under 16	Between 7 a.m. and 9 p.m. only, maximum of eight hours in 24-hour period and 40 hours in a week; employment during school hours requires employment certificate	High school students cannot work after 11 p.m. on a school night or before 5 a.m. on school days, except can work until 11:30 p.m. and at 4:30 a.m. with written parental permission
Can the minor work during school hours?	If working during school hours, must obtain employment certificate – unless an exemption is met	If working during school hours, must obtain employment certificate – unless an exemption is met	No limitation on working during school hours



# Statute- and rule-based exceptions

- Minors working for a family farm corporation where the minor's parent is a member of the family farm corporation (Minnesota Rules 5200.0930, subpart 4 hazardous)
- Minors working for corporations totally owned by one or both parents, where the daily corporate business is supervised by the parent(s) (Minn. R. 5200.0930, subp. 4, and Minn. Stat. 181A.07, subdivision 4 hazardous, age and hours)
- Performer, newspaper carrier, youth athletic referees (Minn. Stat. 181A.07 age)
- Home chores, babysitting (Minn. Stat. 181A.07 age, hours)
- Tasks outside the area of hazard (Minn. R. 5200.0930, subp. 2 hazardous)
- High school graduates 17 years of age (Minn. R. 5200.0930, subp. 3 hazardous)



# **Special concern: The presence of liquor**

- Generally, minors under the age of 18 cannot work in rooms or areas where liquor is consumed or served, or in tasks prohibited by law that involve the sale, service, dispensation or handling of liquor.
- Minors who have reached the age of 16 can be employed:
  - as a busser, dishwasher and host in rooms or areas of a restaurant, hotel, motel or resort where the presence of intoxicating liquor or 3.2% malt liquor is incidental to food service or preparation;
  - as a busser, dishwasher, host or server in rooms or areas where the presence of 3.2% malt liquor is incidental to food service or preparation;
  - to provide musical entertainment in those rooms or areas where the presence of intoxicating liquor and 3.2% malt liquor is incidental to food service or preparation; and
  - in occupations not prohibited by law in rooms or areas where no liquor is consumed or served.



# Hazardous employment activities

Examples (subject to limitation in the rule or exemption)

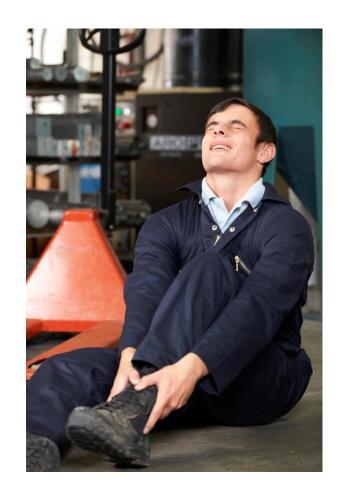
- Under 18 (Minn. R. 5200.0910):
  - in or about construction or building projects;
  - logging or lumbering operations, paper mills, sawmills;
  - to operate or assist in the operation of power-driven machinery (this includes snow blowers and other power-driven lawn and garden equipment);
  - to drive certain motor vehicles or to work in rooms or areas where certain alcohol is served or consumed; or
  - in any tasks involving the serving, dispensing or handling of alcohol consumed on premises.





# Hazardous employment activities, continued

- Under 16 (Minn. R. 5200.0920):
  - to lift, carry or personally care for patients in hospitals or nursing homes;
  - to operate or assist in the operation of machinery, including farm type tractors and other self-propelled vehicles;
  - in walk-in meat freezers or meat coolers; or
  - in any occupation in agriculture the U.S. secretary of labor finds to be hazardous for minors under the age of 16.
  - Plus any prohibited activity listed under Minn. R. 5200.0910.





### Retaliation

#### Minnesota Statutes 181A.12, subd. 5, Retaliation

An employer shall not discharge, discipline, penalize, interfere with, threaten, restrain, coerce, or otherwise retaliate or discriminate against an employee for asserting rights or remedies under sections 181A.01 to 181A.12 or any rules promulgated under section 181A.09. This includes, but is not limited to, filing a complaint with the department, informing the employer of the employee's intention to file a complaint or participating in an investigation by the department. In addition to any other remedies provided by law, the commissioner may order an employer found in violation of this subdivision to provide back pay, compensatory damages, reinstatement and any other appropriate relief to the aggrieved employee.



# **DLI child labor exemption permits**

- DLI receives applications for child labor exemption permits
  - Must be filed by the minor's parent, guardian, school official or youth employment specialist
  - Assessed on a case-by-case basis, granted if the permit would be in the best interest of the minor
  - Can be sought and may be granted for any of the child labor laws and rules
  - Turnaround time varies by season
  - Permits available as fillable PDF files at <u>dli.mn.gov/business/employment-practices/child-labor-exemptions</u>;
     can be submitted to <u>cl.permit.dli@state.mn.us</u>





# **Employment certificates: Minn. Stat. 181A.05**

- Any minor 14 or 15 years of age who wishes to work on school days during school
  hours shall first secure an employment certificate. The certificate shall be issued
  only by the school district superintendent, the superintendent's agent or some
  other person designated by the Board of Education. The employment certificate
  shall be issued only for a specific position with a designated employer and shall be
  issued only in the following circumstances:
  - 1. if a minor is to be employed in an occupation not prohibited by rules promulgated under section 181A.09 and as evidence thereof presents a signed statement from the prospective employer; and



# Employment certificates: Minn. Stat. 181A.05, continued

- 2. if the parent or guardian of the minor consents to the employment; and
- 3. if the issuing officer believes the minor is physically capable of handling the job in question and further believes the best interests of the minor will be served by permitting the minor to work.
- Note: An employment certificate does not create an exception for hours restrictions under federal law.



# Approved training program exceptions

### Apprenticeship or Youth Skills Training (YST)

 Apprenticeship: Need high school diploma and legal authorization to work in the U.S.

#### YST:

- Industries advanced manufacturing, agriculture, automotive, health care and information technology
- Child labor exception permit is required if employment involves a hazardous occupation
- If program has been approved, employer will be required to submit proof of workers' compensation coverage and information about specific machines, tools and equipment that may be used; meet with Minnesota OSHA Workplace Safety Consultation about equipment and related safety measures



### Approved training program exceptions, continued

- Other training program approved by Minnesota Department of Education,
   Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development, Minnesota
   Department of Labor and Industry, the board of trustees of the Minnesota State
   Colleges and Universities or the board of regents of the University of Minnesota:
  - Child labor exception permit is required if employment involves a hazardous occupation.



#### **School Conference and Activities Leave**

#### School conference and activities leave

Minnesota's School Conference and Activities Leave law allows eligible employees up to 16 hours of unpaid leave from work to attend their child's school conferences and activities each year and for each child (see Minnesota Statutes 181.9412).

#### Which employees are eligible?

All employees are eligible regardless of the size of their employer or amount of time for which they have worked for their employer.

#### Who is considered a child?

"Child" includes any child of the employee, whether biological, adopted or foster, who is younger than 18 or who is younger than 20 and is still attending secondary school. Eligible employees can receive up to 16 hours for each child.



#### Employees get 16 hours each school year?

An employee must be granted up to 16 leave hours for each child during any 12-month period. This is sometimes referred to as a 12-month, rolling calendar.

#### Can an employee choose to use vacation time for school activities leave?

The employee may choose to use available vacation or paid-time-off (PTO) leave, but the employer cannot require it.

#### What is considered a school activity?

Leave can be used to attend school conferences and school-related activities that cannot be scheduled during non-work hours.

Are toddler-age child care, special education programs or pre-kindergarten children included?

School Leave up to 16 hours of unpaid leave per child each school year

- Who qualifies?
   All workers, regardless of employer size or length of employment.
- Definition of child:
   Under 18, or under 20 if still in high school.
- Use of leave:
   For school conferences and activities during work hours.
- Time-off options:
   Vacation or PTO may be used, but it's not required.
- Coverage: Includes preschool and special education.
- Advance notice:
   Reasonable notice is recommended to minimize workplace disruption.

### State law – minimum wage

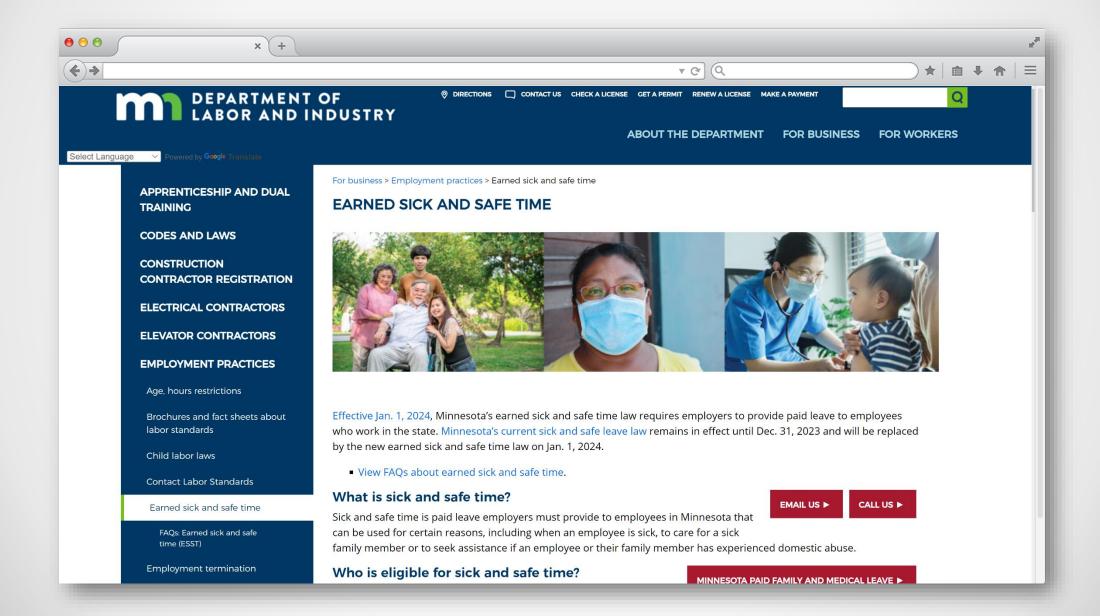
• Effective Jan. 1, 2025, the state's minimum-wage rates for all employers, including large employers, small employers, youth and J-1 visa wages for hotels, motels and lodging establishments, increased to \$11.13 an hour. The law still allows for a 90-day training wage for workers under age 20, which increased to \$9.08.

Provision	Amount as of Jan. 1, 2025	
State minimum wage	\$11.13 an hour	
90-day training wage (under 20 years of age)	\$9.08 an hour	

<sup>\*</sup>Minimum wage adjusts Jan. 1 of each year.



### Earned sick and safe time



# **Tipping**



- Tips are the property of the employee directly serving the customer. Employers cannot require employees to share or pool their tips with other employees, except under certain limited-service situations.
- Gratuities presented to a direct service employee by credit card shall be credited to that pay period in which they are received.
- As of Aug. 1, 2024, employees must receive the full amount of tips paid by card or e-payment. Gratuities received through credit cards or other types of electronic payments must be paid to the employee in the next pay period.



# **Employee notice**

- Employers are required to keep a copy of the notice signed by each employee.
- Employers are also required to provide employees in writing any changes to the information in the notice before the date the changes take effect.







# **Employee notice Employee wage notice | Minnesota DLI**



#### **Employee notice**

1. Employee:		Address:		
	Phone number:	Email address:		
	Date employment began:			
2.	Legal name of employer:	Main office/principal place of business address:		
	Phone number:	Email address:		
Operating name of employer (if different):				
	Mailing address (if different):			
3. Employment status (exempt or non-exempt):				
☐ Employee is exempt from: ☐minimum wage ☐overtime ☐other provisions of Minnesota Statutes 177				
Legal basis for exemption:				
Employee is non-exempt (entitled to overtime, minimum wage, other protections under Minn. Stat. 177)				
4. Rate or rates of pay				
	Paid by: Hour Shift Day Week Salary Piece Commission Other method			

### **Minnesota Paid Family Leave**

December 1<sup>st</sup>, 2025

**Employers must notify workers** 

**January 1st, 2026** 

Payroll deductions start
Benefits and leave available to Minnesotans

April 30<sup>th</sup>, 2026

First quarterly premium due

Minnesota Paid Leave / Minnesota Paid Leave

Informational sessions: <u>Public engagement events</u>



### Resources

- Labor Standards Division: <a href="mailto:dli.mn.gov/laborlaw">dli.mn.gov/laborlaw</a>
- Child and youth labor: <a href="mailto:dli.mn.gov/business/employment-practices/child-labor-laws">dli.mn.gov/business/employment-practices/child-labor-laws</a>
  - Age restrictions, exemption permits, FAQs, hours of work, penalties, prohibited work, proof of age, teen worker fact sheet
- Informational videos in four languages: dli.mn.gov/labor-standards-videos



# Thank you

- Sign up for the *Wage and Hour Bulletin* at <u>dli.mn.gov/business/employment-practices/minnesota-wage-and-hour-bulletin</u>.
- Contact the DLI Labor Standards Division at 651-284-5075 or dli.laborstandards@state.mn.us.